



Ba/Soc-601

2017

(6th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No. : Soc-601

(Indian Society)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. "Indian society is characterized by unity in diversity." Explain with examples. 9

Or

What is caste? Discuss the characteristics of caste. 2+7=9

L7/454a

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. What do you understand by urban society?
Describe the features of an urban society. 2+7=9

Or

Who are the minorities? List the problems
faced by the minorities in India. 2+7=9

3. Why is Indian economy called a mixed
economy? Explain. 9

Or

What is secularism? What forces threaten the
growth of a secular state in India? 2+7=9

4. Explain the process of nation-building in
India during pre-Independence. 9

Or

Define nation-building. Discuss the problems
of nation-building in India. 2+7=9

5. Define modernization and describe its
characteristics. 2+7=9

Or

Discuss the consequences of globalization in
Indian society. 9

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SOCIOLOGY

Paper No. : Soc-601

(**Indian Society**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. Unity in diversity is found in Indian society because

- (a) unity is imposed by the Government of India ()
- (b) there is uniformity of languages ()
- (c) there are traditional bonds of unity ()
- (d) there is similarity among the members of a group ()



2. Members of a caste under caste system

- (a) are free to choose their occupation ()
- (b) are not free to choose their occupation ()
- (c) can choose only low occupation ()
- (d) cannot carry priestly occupation ()

3. What has changed the face of rural society?

- (a) Breakdown of joint family system ()
- (b) Breakdown of caste system ()
- (c) Social equality ()
- (d) Quicker means of transport and communication ()

4. Which one of the following provisions in the Constitution of India relates only to the Scheduled Tribes?

- (a) Article 335 ()
- (b) Article 330 ()
- (c) Article 332 ()
- (d) Article 342 ()

5. Which sector is the backbone of Indian Economy?

- (a) Service sector ()
- (b) Agriculture sector ()
- (c) Financial sector ()
- (d) Tourism sector ()



6. Secularization has affected Hinduism in a greater degree than other religions because

- (a) Hindus belong to different sects ()
- (b) there is no agreed single definition of Hindu ()
- (c) there are no fixed principles of Hindu religion ()
- (d) Hindus are more progressive in outlook ()

7. Nation-building refers to

- (a) constructing and structuring for a national identity ()
- (b) dividing the country on religions ()
- (c) opposing unity and diversity ()
- (d) None of the above ()

8. What is the most important factor or element that contributed to the nation-building process in India after Independence?

(a) Religious diversity ()

(b) Constitution ()

(c) Caste system ()

(d) All of the above ()

9. Modernization has the following characteristic

(a) nationalism ()

(b) irrationality ()

(c) secularism ()

(d) a closed society ()

10. Globalization has brought about Western institutions to India like

(a) Ayurveda ()

(b) holistic health ()

(c) modern medicine ()

(d) nature cure ()

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 5)



Indicate whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The South Indian languages belong to the Dravidian group.

(T / F)

2. The book, *Urban Sociology* was written by James A. Quinn.

(T / F)

3. Multiculturalism entails a set of policies and practices directed toward a respect for cultural differences.

(T / F)

4. Nation-building is confined to only one section of the society.

(T / F)

5. Modernization is not a growth-oriented economy.

(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—III

(Marks : 10)

Write short answers on any *five* of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Discuss the racial diversities found in India.

2. Who are the weaker sections?

(7)

3. Mention the salient features of rural society.



4. What is religious pluralism?

5. Mention some challenges of nation-building.

6. What is globalization?

7. Explain any two factors that cause modernization.
